

Exercise 2.1 - Solar Wind

v.02

Problem Statement

Numerical data

Mass of the sun [kg]:

$$In[*]:= M_S = 1.99 \times 10^{30};$$

Mass flux of particles [Sun mass/year]:

$$In[*]:= F_m = 1.6 \times 10^{-14};$$

Earth-Sun distance [km]:

$$In[*]:= L = 150\,000\,000;$$

Speed of the particles [m/s]:

$$In[*]:= v = 450 \times 10^3;$$

Type of particles: H₂ : 95%, He : 4%, O₂ : 1%

Earth radius [km]:

$$In[*]:= R_{earth} = 6360;$$

Questions

- Evaluate the total mass of particles arriving on Earth every day.
- Evaluate the number of solar wind particles impacting a $5 \times 2 \text{ m}^2$ solar array every day.

Hint

The solar wind is composed of ionised particles.

Solution

Number of seconds in one year [s]:

```
In[*]:= Nb = 365 × 24 × 60 × 60
Out[*]=
31 536 000
```

Mass flux [kg/s]:

```
In[*]:= F_m = F_m \frac{M_s}{Nb}
Out[*]=
1.00964 × 10^9
```

Earth-Sun distance [m]:

```
In[*]:= L = L 10^3;
```

Molecular masses [g/mole] and percentage [%] of the particles:

■ Hydrogen:

```
In[*]:= μ_0 = 1;
ξ_0 = 0.95;
```

■ Helium:

```
In[*]:= μ_1 = 4;
ξ_1 = 0.04;
```

■ Oxygen:

```
In[*]:= μ_2 = 16;
ξ_2 = 0.01;
```

Average mass for one particle (consisting of the H, He and O molecules here above) [g/mole]:

```
In[*]:= M_avg = \sum_{i=0}^2 (μ_i ξ_i)
Out[*]=
1.27
```

Average mass for one particle [kg/mole]:

```
In[*]:= M_avg = M_avg / 1000;
```

Avogadro constant [mole⁻¹]:

```
In[*]:= N_A = 6.022 × 10^23;
```

Number of particles emitted by the Sun per time unit [1/s]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= N_S = \frac{F_m N_A}{M_{\text{avg}}}$$

Out[*]=

$$4.78744 \times 10^{35}$$

Particle flux at Earth orbit level [1/m²·s]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= n_{\text{Earth}} = N_S \frac{1}{4 \pi L^2}$$

Note: surface of the sphere or radius Sun-Earth, centered on the Sun

Out[*]=

$$1.69321 \times 10^{12}$$

Particle flux of:

■ H [1/m²·s]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= n_H = n_{\text{Earth}} \xi_0$$

Out[*]=

$$1.60855 \times 10^{12}$$

■ He [1/m²·s]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= n_{\text{He}} = n_{\text{Earth}} \xi_1$$

Out[*]=

$$6.77284 \times 10^{10}$$

■ O [1/m²·s]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= n_O = n_{\text{Earth}} \xi_2$$

Out[*]=

$$1.69321 \times 10^{10}$$

Number of particles arriving on Earth every day

Earth radius [m]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= R_{\text{earth}} = R_{\text{earth}} 1000;$$

Earth disk surface [m²]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= A_{\text{earth}} = \pi R_{\text{earth}}^2;$$

Solar wind particle mass flux on the Earth per day [kg]:

$$\text{In}[*]:= F_{\text{earth}} = M_{\text{avg}} \frac{n_{\text{Earth}}}{N_A} A_{\text{earth}} (24 \times 3600)$$

Out[*]=

$$39205.9$$

Number of impacts on the solar array

Solar array surface [m²]:

```
In[*]:= Asa = 2 × 5
```

```
Out[*]=  
10
```

Number of impacts per day:

```
In[*]:= isa = nEarth Asa (24 × 3600)
```

```
Out[*]=  
1.46293 × 1018
```